

Part B: Product group definition | Commercial lavatory faucets

Initiators	TOTO USA Visit an SM Transparency Report for lavatory faucets: http://www.sustainableminds.com/showroom/toto/
Other company(s) and organization(s) involved	TOTO USA, T&S Brass and Bronze Works, Sloan, and Kohler

Product group

Name	Commercial metering and self- closing lavatory faucets	CSI MasterFormat® #(s) or UNCPC(s)	22 42 39
Description Define the types of products included under this Part B	Metering faucets designed for discharge of a specific volume of water into a lavatory that is turned on mechanically or electronically, and intended to be installed in non-residential bathrooms that are exposed to walk-in traffic, where the volume or cycle duration can be fixed or adjustable; self-closing faucets designed for discharge into a lavatory that closes itself after the actuation or control mechanism is deactivated and intended to be installed in non-residential bathrooms that are exposed to walk-in traffic; and manual faucets designed for discharge into a lavatory, that requires the user to control the flow water, and intended to be installed in non-residential bathrooms that are exposed to walk-in traffic.		
New Part B request? Yes / No	No	Is this an update to an existing Part B? Yes / No	Yes
Validity date	This Part B is an update to: http://www.sustainableminds.com/files/transparency/pgds/ Part_B_Commercial_Faucets_10.27.2015.pdf Institut Bauen und Umwelt e.V.: PCR Guidance-Texts for Building-Related Products and Service From the range of Environmental Product Declarations of Institute Construction		
Existing PCRs, EPDs, SM TRs or LCAs This information will be used to identify additional rules for comparability and to substantiate the rationale for creating a Part B.			

Functional performance

Standard/certification	URL
Functional performance - ASME A112.18.1	https://www.asme.org/products/codes- standards/a112181csa-b1251-2012-plumbing-supply- fittings
Flow Rate - EPAct 1992	http://www.ferc.gov/legal/maj-ord-reg/epa.pdf

Functional / declared unit

Unit	3 years of use of a faucet in an average US commercial lavatory environment
Rationale	 Product available and used in US market 3 years is based on the warranty term for the average commercial faucet. The economical lifespan of commercial applications can be longer or shorter due to aesthetic replacements or more intense use. Electrical and other hardware components, especially those related to rubbers for water tight connections and moving parts, will require replacement beyond this timeframe as part of the proper maintenance.

Additional rules for comparability

1. Clarification	N.
More product group	None
specificity as needed	



2. Additional rules to Part A

- Water and wastewater infrastructure are excluded
- Hot water use is not included within the scope of LCA and is not considered in the use phase scenario

Default use phase scenario:

The faucet is assumed to be used in an average US commercial lavatory environment over a 3-year time period with an average of 90 uses per day, 260 days per year. Any electricity used in faucet operation is included. Manual faucets are assumed to be used for 10 seconds per use. The volume of water per use varies and depends on the specific self-closing or metering faucet to which this Part B applies.

Transportation assumptions:

Primary data should be used for the transportation distances between the manufacturer and the distributor. Unless otherwise known, assume transportation distances of 500km from the distributor to the installation site and 100km from the installation site to waste processing, via diesel-powered truck/trailer [1].

Electricity consumption for water supply and treatment:

Water usage in a commercial facility would also include electricity usage for acquisition, treatment, and distribution of water to facilities and collection, conveyance and wastewater treatment of domestic wastewater. The Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) published this type of data in a study on water and sustainability. Data from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) were used to establish weighted average composite factors, to obtain an electricity usage per gallon of water consumed. Use this table to calculate the electricity used for water supply and treatment:

Table: Average National Electricity Usage Factors

3. Default life cycle stage scenario(s)

Activity	EPRI factors: kWh / MMgal ^{Note 1}	Weighted avg composite factors: kWh / MMgal
Acquisition, treatment and distribution of surface water by a Public Water System (PWS)	1,406	
Acquisition, treatment and distribution of ground water by a PWS	1,824	1,540 ^{Note 2}
Self-supply of drinking water (typically pumping from private wells)	700	700
Collection, conveyance and < secondary treatment of domestic wastewater	661	
Collection, conveyance and secondary treatment of domestic wastewater	1,212	
Collection, conveyance and advanced treatment of domestic wastewater	1,726	1,399 ^{Note 3}
Collection, conveyance and zero discharge/other treatment of domestic wastewater	400	
Total electricity per million gallons →	3,639	
Total kWh electricity per 1 gallon →		0.0036

Note 1: Source: EPRI, Water & Sustainability (Volume 4): U.S. Electricity Consumption for Water Supply & Treatment -- The Next Half Century, March 2002.

Note 2: Source: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Office of Water (4606) Drinking Water Treatment, June 2004

http://water.epa.gov/lawsregs/guidance/sdwa/upload/2009 08 28 sdwa fs 30ann treatment web.pdf. This document cites 68% of population served by PWSs relies on surface water while 32% relies on ground water.

Note 3: Source: U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), Clean Watersheds Needs Survey 2008 Report to Congress

http://water.epa.gov/scitech/datait/databases/cwns/upload/cwns2008rtc.pdf. This report cites1.7% of POTW-served population receives < secondary treatment, 40.9% receives secondary



treatment, 49.9% receives advanced treatment, and 7.5% receives zero discharge or other treatment.

[1] Plumbing Manufacturers International (PMI), Product Category Rule (PCR) Guidance for Kitchen and Bath Vessel Fixtures Guidance-Document.pdf.

Additional LCA calculation rules

N/A	Optional	Required	Indicate whether conformance is the manufacturer's choice or required for EPD/TR. Refer to Part A: Compatibility appendices for content requirements.
	X		ISO 21930